

Chegada: Poissoniana	Tempo atendimento: exponencial negativo
Taxa: λ clientes / u. tempo	Taxa: μ clientes / u. tempo e servidor
População = ∞	Nº servidores: 1
Fila máxima = ∞	$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$, com $\rho < 1$
	Taxa de ocupação = ρ
	Taxa de desocupação = $1 - \rho$
$L_q = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (n-1)P_n = \frac{\lambda^2}{\mu(\mu-\lambda)}$	$W_q = \frac{L_q}{\lambda} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu(\mu-\lambda)}$
$L = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} nP_n = L_q + \frac{\lambda}{\mu} = \frac{\lambda}{\mu-\lambda}$	$W = W_q + \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{L}{\lambda} = \frac{1}{\mu-\lambda}$
$P_0 = 1 - \rho$	$P(W > t) = e^{-\mu(1-\rho)t}, t \geq 0$
$P_n = \rho^n P_0$	$P(W_q > t) = \rho e^{-\mu(1-\rho)t}, t \geq 0$
$P(n > k) = \rho^{k+1}$	$P(W_q = 0) = P_0$

Chegada: Poissoniana	Tempo atendimento: exponencial negativo
Taxa: λ clientes / u. tempo	Taxa: μ clientes / u. tempo e servidor
População = ∞	Nº servidores: S
Fila máxima = ∞	$\rho = \frac{\lambda}{S\mu}$, com $\rho < 1$
	Taxa de ocupação = ρ
	Taxa de desocupação = $1 - \rho$
$L_q = \sum_{n=S}^{\infty} (n-S)P_n = \frac{P_0 \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^S \rho}{S!(1-\rho)^2}$	$W_q = \frac{L_q}{\lambda}$
$L = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} nP_n = L_q + \frac{\lambda}{\mu}$	$W = W_q + \frac{1}{\mu} = \frac{L}{\lambda}$
$P_0 = \frac{1}{\sum_{n=0}^{S-1} \frac{\left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^n}{n!} + \frac{\left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^S}{S!} \frac{1}{1-\rho}}$	$P(W > t)_{t \geq 0} = e^{-\mu t} \left(1 + \frac{P_0 \left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^S}{S!(1-\rho)} \frac{1 - e^{-\mu t(S-1-\lambda/\mu)}}{S-1-\frac{\lambda}{\mu}} \right)$
$P_n = \begin{cases} \frac{\left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^n}{n!} P_0, & \text{se } 0 \leq n \leq S \\ \frac{\left(\frac{\lambda}{\mu}\right)^n}{S!S^{n-S}} P_0, & \text{se } n \geq S \end{cases}$	$P(W_q > t)_{t \geq 0} = [1 - P(W_q = 0)] e^{-S\mu(1-\rho)t}$
	$P(W_q = 0) = \sum_{n=0}^{S-1} P_n$