

1. $\overline{AB} \cdot \overline{BC} = 2 \times 2 \times \cos(120^\circ) = 2 \times 2 \times \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -2$

Opção (B)

2.

2.1. $\overline{AB} = B - A = (3, -1) - (1, -2) = (2, 1)$

$$m = \frac{1}{2}, \text{ então } \alpha = \tan^{-1}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \approx 27^\circ$$

Opção (A)

2.2. $m = \frac{-1}{\frac{1}{2}} = -2$

$$y = -2x + b, \text{ então } -1 = -6 + b \Leftrightarrow b = 5$$

$$s: y = -2x + 5$$

3. $\overline{CA} \cdot \overline{CB} = 3 \times 3 \times \cos(180^\circ) = -9$

Opção (B)

4. $\vec{n}_1(5, -k + 3, 0)$ e $\vec{n}_2(k, 2, 1)$

$$\vec{n}_1 \cdot \vec{n}_2 = 0 \Leftrightarrow 5k - 2k + 6 = 0 \Leftrightarrow k = -2$$

Opção (A)

5. Vetor colinear com $\vec{n}(0, 4, -3)$

Reta que passa no ponto de coordenadas $(1, 2, -1)$

$$\begin{cases} 1 = 1 \\ 2 = -2 - 4k \\ -1 = 2 + 3k \end{cases} \Leftrightarrow \begin{cases} k = -1 \\ k = -1 \end{cases}$$

Opção (C)

6. $3x + y - z + 5 = 0$

6.1. $\vec{n}(3, 2, -2)$ e $B(0, 6, 0)$

$$3x + 2y - 2z + d = 0$$

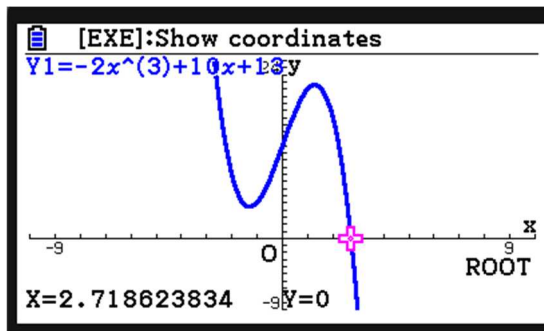
$$0 + 12 - 0 + d = 0 \Leftrightarrow d = -12$$

$$ABG: 3x + 2y - 2z - 12 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.2. \quad (x, y, z) &= (0, 6, 0) + k(3, 2, -2), \quad k \in \mathbb{R} \\
 &\Leftrightarrow (x, y, z) = (3k, 6 + 2k, -2k), \quad k \in \mathbb{R} \\
 C &= (3k, 6 + 2k, -2k), \quad k \in \mathbb{R}, \quad k \in \mathbb{R} \\
 C &\in CDH \\
 3(3k) + 2(6 + 2k) - 2(-2k) + 5 &= 0 \Leftrightarrow 17k = -17 \Leftrightarrow k = -1 \\
 C &(-3, 4, 2)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.3. \quad \overrightarrow{OF} &= (10, 4, 13) \text{ e } \|\overrightarrow{OF}\| = \sqrt{10^2 + 4^2 + 13^2} = \sqrt{285} \\
 \overrightarrow{OB} &= (0, 6, 0) \text{ e } \|\overrightarrow{OB}\| = 6 \\
 \overrightarrow{OF} \cdot \overrightarrow{OB} &= (10, 4, 13) \cdot (0, 6, 0) = 24 \\
 \cos(\widehat{FOB}) &= \frac{24}{\sqrt{285} \times 6} \\
 \text{Daqui resulta que: } \widehat{FOB} &= \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{285}}\right) \approx 76^\circ
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 6.4. \quad \overrightarrow{OP} &= (x, x^3, 1) \\
 \overrightarrow{BF} &= F - B = (10, 4, 13) - (0, 6, 0) = (10, -2, 13) \\
 \overrightarrow{OP} \cdot \overrightarrow{BF} &= 0 \Leftrightarrow (x, x^3, 1) \cdot (10, -2, 13) = 0 \Leftrightarrow 10x - 2x^3 + 13 = 0
 \end{aligned}$$



$$x \approx 2,71$$

7.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \overrightarrow{AN} \cdot \overrightarrow{DM} &= (\overrightarrow{AB} + \overrightarrow{BN}) \cdot (\overrightarrow{DA} + \overrightarrow{AM}) = \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{DA} + \overrightarrow{AB} \cdot \overrightarrow{AM} + \overrightarrow{BN} \cdot \overrightarrow{DA} + \overrightarrow{BN} \cdot \overrightarrow{AM} = \\
 &= 0 + c \times \frac{c}{2} \times 1 + \left(\frac{3}{4} \times 2c\right) \times 2c \times (-1) + 0 \\
 &= \frac{c^2}{2} - 3c^2 \\
 &= -\frac{5}{2}c^2
 \end{aligned}$$